4th Grade Reading/ELA

Study List

Week 29

**Spelling Words:**

**3rd 9 weeks**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Week 19** | **Week 20** | **Week 21** | **Week 22** | **Week 23** | **Week 24** |
| saidschool | theirtherethey’re | thoughthought | throughthrew | totootwo | trieduntilvery  |

**4th 9 weeks**

|  |
| --- |
| **Week 28** |
| youryou’re |

**Milestones Power Words:**

1. Analyze—break down into parts to see how it works
2. Argue—pick a side and support with evidence
3. Compare—find the similarities between
4. Contrast—find the differences between
5. Conclude—bring to an ending OR use evidence to come to a realization
6. Describe—report in detail what one says or does

**Vocabulary Words and Word Parts:**

**1st Nine Weeks Word Parts:**

1. –spect—to look, to watch, to observe
2. re- --again
3. text—written words
4. –scribe—to write
5. trans—across

 **2nd Nine Weeks Vocabulary and Word Parts:**

1. dis—away or apart; having a negative force
2. phone—a suffix meaning sound; used in words such as *homophone, earphones, headphones, telephone, cell phone*
3. sub—prefix meaning under
4. mono—prefix meaning one
5. arch—root word meaning ruler
6. English words originating in mythology:
	1. Herculean—an adjective describing a task that is huge or challenging and will take a lot of physical, mental, or emotional strength
	2. Pandora’s box—a term given to a situation that is better left alone; messing with it will only bring more problems
	3. Achilles heel—a term given to someone’s weakness or character flaw
	4. Trojan horse—a term given to a person or entity that appears harmless on the outside but is really harmful on the inside
	5. Midas touch—a term that describes a person’s ability to take a situation or an object that appears worthless and turn it into something that is worth much
	6. Narcissist—an adjective that describes someone who is totally self-involved

**3rd Nine Weeks Vocabulary and Word Parts**

1. micro—small
2. scope—to see or watch
3. tele—distant, far away
4. mis—wrong, incorrect
5. path—feeling
6. graph—written or drawn
7. therm--heat